Name:

1. Year 2000 salaries for the Los Angeles Lakers:

| Shaquille O'Neal | $\$ 17.1$ million <br> Kobe Bryant$\$ 11.8$ million | Ron Harper | $\$ 2.1$ million |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Robert Horry | $\$ 5.0$ million | A.C. Green | $\$ 2.0$ million |
| Glen Rice | $\$ 4.5$ million | Devean George | $\$ 1.0$ million |
| Derek Fisher | $\$ 4.3$ million | Brian Shaw | $\$ 1.0$ million |
| Rick Fox | $\$ 4.2$ million | John Salley | $\$ 0.8$ million |
| Travis Knight | $\$ 3.1$ million | Tyronne Lue | $\$ 0.7$ million |
|  | John Celestand | $\$ 0.3$ million |  |

a. Find the mean $(\bar{x})$. Show work.
b. Find the standard deviation $\sigma_{\mathrm{x}}$. List each step that you are doing. (Not calculator steps, conceptual steps.)
c. Find the range. Show work.
2. The distribution of heights of adult American men is approximately normal (has a bell-shaped distribution) with mean 69 inches and standard deviation of 2.5 inches. Draw and label the distribution. Then answer the questions below.
a. What percent of men are taller than 74 inches?
b. Between what heights do the middle $95 \%$ of men fall?
c. What percent of men are shorter than 66.5 inches?

3. Scores on the Weschler Adult Intelligence Scale (a standard "IQ" test) for the 20 to 34 age group are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 110 and a standard deviation of 25 . Draw and label the distribution. Then answer the questions below.
a. What percent of the people in this age groups have scores above 110 ?
b. About what percent have scores between 85 and 160 ?
c. If a "low" score is below 60 , what percent of the people does this refer to?

Use the following data set to work problems $1-3$.
Average number of commercials from 1 hour of listening to the radio

| 17 | 16 | 37 | 18 | 13 | 9 | 18 | 15 | 14 | 21 | 7 | 10 | 11 | 20 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. Find the 5 -number summary for the data set.
2. Find the IQR of the data set. Show your work.
3. Construct a box-and-whisker plot of the data set. Use a ruler.

## Short Answer:

4. When working with quartiles, what percent of the data
a. is above the third quartile? $\qquad$
b. below the second quartile? $\qquad$
c. between the first and third quartile? $\qquad$
5. You have received your results from a cardiovascular test that you had to take. The results stated that you scored in the $85^{\text {th }}$ percentile of your age group. Using complete sentences, explain what this means.
