

Algebra 2 CC ID: 1  
 Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Unit 2 - Polynomials 3.1-3.2  
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 Name each polynomial by degree and number of terms.

1)  $4p^2 + 6p$  2)  $4b^3 + 2b^2 + 2b$   
squared binomial cubic  
 3)  $-6$  4)  $8n^4 - 6n$   
quartic

Simplify each expression.

5)  $(-3v + 4v^2 + 2v^3) - (6v^3 + 5v^4 - 2v)$  6)  $(3x^2 + 5x^4 - 3x^3) + (6x + 6x^2 - 6x^4)$   
 7)  $(3b^3 + a^4b^3 - 2) - (3 + 6b^2 - 4a^4b^3)$  8)  $(7x^3y + y^3 - 6x^4) + (2x^4y^3 - 3x^4 - 2x^3y)$

Factor each.

9)  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$  10)  $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$   
 11)  $5x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$  12)  $3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$

Find each product.

13)  $(k + 7)(k - 7)$  14)  $(3p - 5)(3p + 5)$   
 15)  $(5x + 1)(5x - 1)$  16)  $(6n - 7)(6n + 7)$   
 17)  $(2m + 3)(6m - 6)$  18)  $(5r + 1)(7r - 3)$   
 19)  $(8x + 5)(2x^2 + 2x - 3)$  20)  $(n + 2)(n^2 + 5n - 3)$

Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.

21)  $-5, 3, 2$  22)  $3, 2, 0$   
 23)  $-3, -4, -2, 4$  24)  $-1, 1, 2, 0$

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Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.

21)  $-5, 3, 2$  22)  $3, 2, 0$

$x = -5$   $x = 3$   $x = 2$

$(x + 5) = 0$   $(x - 3) = 0$   $(x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = -5$   $x = 3$   $x = 2$

$(x + 5)(x - 3)(x - 2)$

$x^2 - 3x + 5x - 15$

$(x^2 + 2x - 15)(x - 2)$

$x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x^2 - 4x - 15x + 30$

$x^3 - 19x + 30$

9)  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

ADD FACTORS FACTORS  
 $1+5=6$     $1 \cdot 5 = 5$   
 $-1+(-5)=-6$     $-1 \cdot (-5) = 5$

multiply  
 $\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$   
 add to

$(x+5)(x+1) = 0 \Rightarrow$  solve for  $x$

$x^2 + x + 5x + 5$   
 $x^2 + 6x + 5$

$(x+5)=0$     $(x+1)=0$   
 $x=-5$     $x=-1$

10)  $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$

$11=1 \cdot 10$   
 $7=2 \cdot 5$

$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$

$(x+2)(x+5) = 0$   
 $x = -2$     $x = -5$

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11)  $5x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$

ADD step:

$5x-2=10$   
 FACTOR of -10

$\begin{array}{c} -10 \\ +5 \times -2 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$

Extra steps:  
 $-2+5=3$     $-1 \cdot 10$   
 $-2 \cdot 5$   
 $-10 \cdot 1$   
 $-5 \cdot 2$

$\frac{(5x+5)(5x-2)}{5}$

$(x+1)(5x-2) = 0$

$x+1=0$     $5x-2=0$   
 $x=-1$     $\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$   
 $x = \frac{2}{5}$

12)  $3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$

$3(-1) = -3$

$\begin{array}{c} -3 \\ -3 \times 1 \\ \hline -2 \end{array}$

Factors of -3

$2 = -1 \cdot 3$   
 $-2 = -3 \cdot 1$

$\frac{(3x-3)(3x+1)}{3}$

$(x-1)(3x+1) = 0$

$x-1=0$     $3x+1=0$   
 $x=1$     $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

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Unit 2 - Polynomials 3.1-3.2 Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

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**Name each polynomial by degree and number of terms.**

1)  $4p^2 + 6q$  *square binomial*

2)  $4b^3 + 2b^2 + 2b$  *cubic trinomial*

3)  $-6$  *monomial*

4)  $8n^4 - 6n$  *quartic binomial*

**Simplify each expression.**

5)  $(-3v + 4v^2 + 2v^3) - (6v^3 + 5v^4 - 2v)$

6)  $(3x^2 + 5x^4 - 3x^3) + (6x + 6x^2 - 6x^4)$

7)  $(3b^2 + a^2b^3 - 2) - (3 + 6b^2 - 4a^2b^3)$

8)  $(7x^2y + y^3 - 6x^4) + (2x^4y^2 - 3x^4 - 2x^2y)$

**Factor each.**

9)  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

10)  $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$

11)  $5x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$

12)  $3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$

**Find each product.**

13)  $(k + 7)(k - 7)$

14)  $(3p - 5)(3p + 5)$

15)  $(5x + 1)(5x - 1)$

16)  $(6n - 7)(6n + 7)$

17)  $(2m + 3)(6m - 6)$

18)  $(5r + 1)(7r - 3)$

19)  $(8x + 5)(2x^2 + 2x - 3)$

20)  $(n + 2)(n^2 + 5n - 3)$

**Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.**

21)  $-5, 3, 2$

22)  $3, 2, 0$

23)  $-3, -4, -2, 4$

24)  $-1, 1, 2, 0$

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**Factor each.**

9)  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

*ADD FACTORS (+6) (5) multiply 1·5*

*1 5*

*6*

*add*

$(x + 1)(x + 5) = 0$

$x + 1 = 0$      $x + 5 = 0$

$x = -1$       $x = -5$

**Check:**

$(x + 1)(x + 5)$

$x^2 + 5x + x + 5$

$x^2 + 6x + 5$

10)  $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$

*1·10 = 11*    *1·10*

*2·5 = 7*     *2·5*

$(x + 2)(x + 5) = 0$

$x = -2$      $x = -5$

Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.

21) -5, 3, 2                      22) 3, 2, 0

$x = -5$     $x = 3$     $x = 2$

$(x+5)(x-3)(x-2) = 0$

$x+5=0$     $x-3=0$     $x-2=0$   
 $x=-5$     $x=3$     $x=2$

$(x+5)(x-3)(x-2) = 0$

$x^2 - 3x + 5x - 15$   
 $(x^2 + 2x - 15)(x-2)$

$x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x^2 - 4x - 15x + 30$

$x^3 - 19x + 30$  answer  
 polynomial

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11)  $5x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$       multiply  $5(-2) = -10$

Extra:      Adding to (+3)      FACTORS of (-10)

$-1 + 10 = 9$        $-1 \cdot 10$   
 $-2 + 5 = 3$        $-2 \cdot 5$   
                           $-5 \cdot 2$   
                           $-10 \cdot 1$

$5x-2$        $5x+5$   
 $-2$        $5$   
 $3$

Extra:  
 $(5x-2)(5x+5)$   
 $5$  (GCF)  
 $(5x-2)(x+1)$  answer

12)  $3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$

$(3x-3)(3x+1)$   
 $3$   
 $(x-1)(3x+1)$

What if ...

$5x^2 - 10x + 15$   
 $5(x^2 - 2x + 3)$

$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

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*quartic*

Simplify each expression.

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 7)  $(3b^2 + a^4b^3 - 2) - (3 + 6b^2 - 4a^4b^3)$  8)  $(7x^3y + y^3 - 6x^4) + (2x^4y^3 - 3x^4 - 2x^3y)$

Factor each.

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Find each product.

13)  $(k + 7)(k - 7)$  14)  $(3p - 5)(3p + 5)$   
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 23)  $-3, -4, -2, 4$  24)  $-1, 1, 2, 0$

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Simplify each expression.

5)  $(-3v + 4v^2 + 2v^3) - (6v^3 + 5v^4 - 2v)$  6)  $(3x^2 + 5x^4 - 3x^3) + (6x + 6x^2 - 6x^4)$

7)  ~~$(3b^2 + a^4b^3 - 2) - (3 + 6b^2 - 4a^4b^3)$~~  8)  $(7x^3y + y^3 - 6x^4) + (2x^4y^3 - 3x^4 - 2x^3y)$

$-3 - 6b^2 + 4a^4b^3$

$3b^2 - 6b^2 = -3b^2$   $5a^4b^3 - 3b^2 - 5$

$a^4b^3 + 4a^4b^3 = 5a^4b^3$

$= -5$

Factor each.

9)  $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$

↑ FACTORS  
ADD FACTORS  
 $1 \cdot 5 = 6$

multiply  

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 5 & \\ \hline 6 & 5 \end{array}$$
 add  
 $(x+1)(x+5) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \quad x = -5$

10)  $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$

↑ FACTORS  
ADD  
 $1 \cdot 10 = 11$   
 $2 \cdot 5 = 7$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 10 & \\ \hline 2 & 5 \end{array}$$
 $(x+2)(x+5) = 0$   
 $x = -2 \quad x = -5$

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Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.

21) -5, 3, 2

$x = -5 \quad x = 3 \quad x = 2$   
 $(x+5)(x-3)(x-2)$   
 $x+5=0 \quad x-3=0 \quad x-2=0$   
 $x=-5 \quad x=3 \quad x=2$

22) 3, 2, 0

$(x-3)(x-2)(x+0)$   
 $(x-3)(x-2)(x)$

multiply

$(x+5)(x-3)(x-2)$   
 $x^2 - 3x + 5x - 15$   
 $(x^2 + 2x - 15)(x-2)$

$x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x^2 - 4x - 15x + 30$

$x^3 - 19x + 30$  answer

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11)  $5x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$   $5(-2) = -10$   
**multiply**  
**Factors of (-10)**  
**Extra Step:** ADD Factors to (3)  
 $-1 \cdot 10$   
 $-2 \cdot 5$   $-2+5 = 3$   
 $-5 \cdot 2$   
 $-10 \cdot 1$   
**multiply**  
 $-2 \times 5$   
**add**  $3$

**Extra Step:**  
 $(5x - 2)(5x + 5)$   
 $(5x - 2)(x + 1)$

12)  $3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$

$\begin{matrix} -3 & 1 \\ \cdot 3 & -1 \\ \hline -2 & \end{matrix}$

$(3x + 1)(3x - 3)$   
 $(3x + 1)(x - 1)$

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**Name each polynomial by degree and number of terms.**

1) $4p^2 + 6p$ quadratic binomial	2) $4b^3 + 2b^2 + 2b$ cubic trinomial
3) $-6$ constant monomial	4) $8n^4 - 6n$ quartic binomial

**Simplify each expression.**

5) $(-3v + 4v^2 + 2v^3) - (6v^3 + 5v^2 - 2v)$ $-5v^3 - 4v^2 + 4v^2 - v$	6) $(3x^2 + 5x^4 - 3x^3) + (6x + 6x^2 - 6x^4)$ $-x^4 - 3x^3 + 9x^2 + 6x$
7) $(3b^2 + a^2b^3 - 2) - (3 + 6b^2 - 4a^2b^3)$ $5a^2b^3 - 3b^2 - 5$	8) $(7x^3y + y^3 - 6x^4) + (2x^4y^3 - 3x^4 - 2x^3y)$ $2x^4y^3 - 9x^4 + 5x^3y + y^3$

**Factor each.**


9) $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$ $(x + 1)(x + 5) = 0$	10) $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$ $(x + 2)(x + 5) = 0$
11) $5x^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$ $(5x - 2)(x + 1) = 0$	12) $3x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$ $(3x + 1)(x - 1) = 0$

**Find each product.**

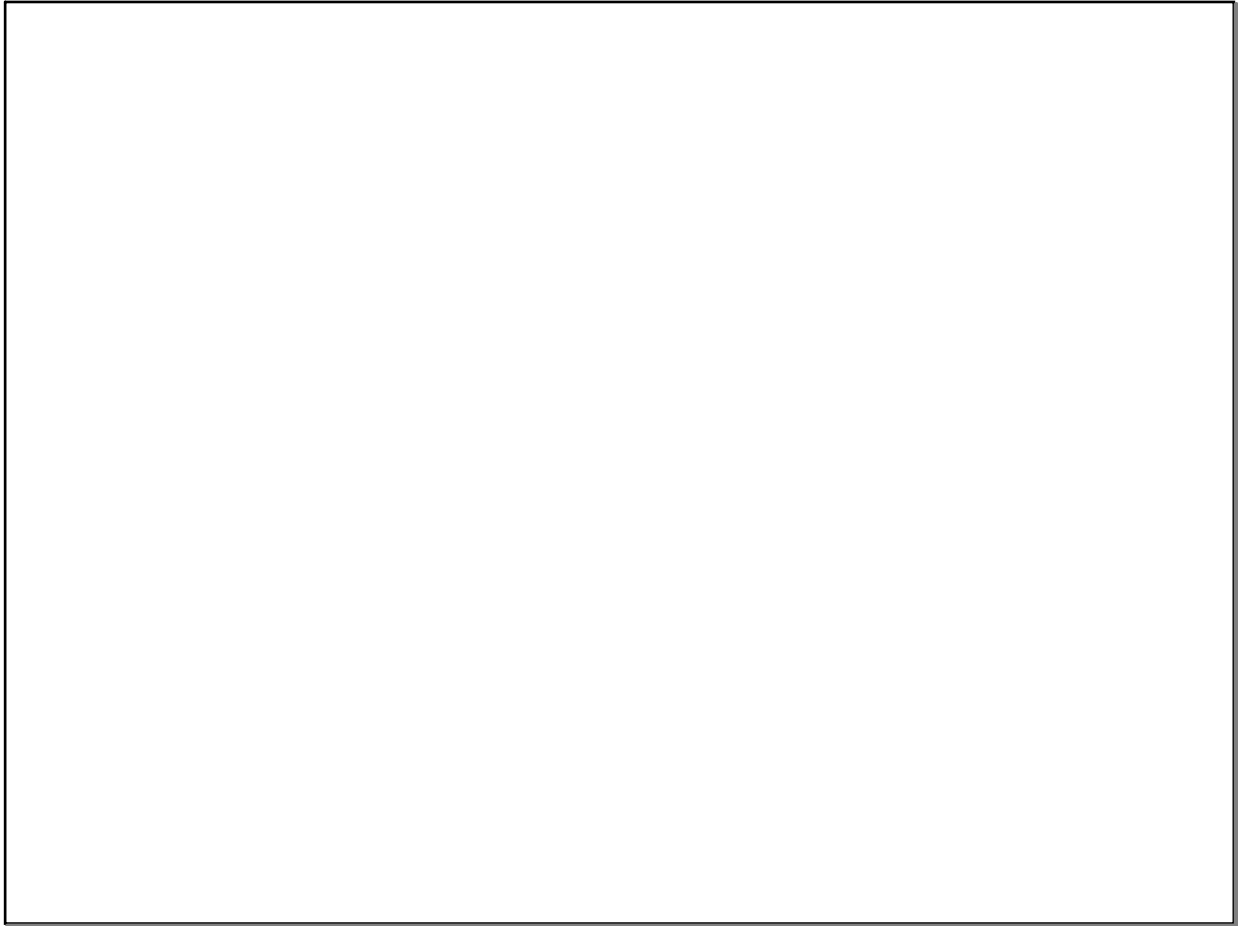
13) $(k + 7)(k - 7)$ $k^2 - 49$	14) $(3p - 5)(3p + 5)$ $9p^2 - 25$
15) $(5x + 1)(5x - 1)$ $25x^2 - 1$	16) $(6n - 7)(6n + 7)$ $36n^2 - 49$
17) $(2m + 3)(6m - 6)$ $12m^2 + 6m - 18$	18) $(5r + 1)(7r - 3)$ $35r^2 - 8r - 3$
19) $(8x + 5)(2x^2 + 2x - 3)$ $16x^3 + 26x^2 - 14x - 15$	20) $(n + 2)(n^2 + 5n - 3)$ $n^3 + 7n^2 + 7n - 6$

**Write a polynomial function of least degree with integral coefficients that has the given zeros.**

21) $-5, 3, 2$ $f(x) = x^3 - 19x + 30$	22) $3, 2, 0$ $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x$
23) $-3, -4, -2, 4$ $f(x) = x^4 + 5x^3 - 10x^2 - 80x - 96$	24) $-1, 1, 2, 0$ $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 - x^2 + 2x$



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